TOSHIBA CMOS Digital Integrated Circuit Silicon Monolithic

# **TC74VCX16543FT**

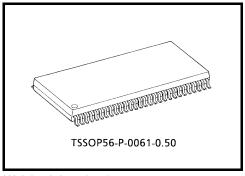
#### Low-Voltage 16-Bit Registered Transceiver with 3.6-V Tolerant Inputs and Outputs

The TC74VCX16543FT is a high performance CMOS 16-bit registered transceiver. Designed for use in 1.8-V, 2.5-V or 3.3-V systems, it achieves high-speed operation while maintaining the CMOS low power dissipation.

It is also designed with overvoltage tolerant inputs and outputs up to  $3.6\ V.$ 

The TC74VCX16543FT can be used as two 8-bit transceivers or one 16-bit transceiver. Separate latch-enable ( $\overline{LEAB}$  or  $\overline{LEBA}$ ) and output-enable ( $\overline{OEAB}$  or  $\overline{OEBA}$ ) inputs are provided for each register to permit independent control in either direction of data flow.

The A-to-B enable  $(\overline{CEAB})$  input must be low in order to enter data from A or to output data from B. If  $\overline{CEAB}$  is low and  $\overline{LEAB}$ 



Weight: 0.25 g (typ.)

is low, the A-to-B latches are transparent; a subsequent low-to-high transition of LEAB puts the A latches in the storage mode. With  $\overline{\text{CEAB}}$  and  $\overline{\text{OEAB}}$  both low, the 3-state B outputs are active and reflect the data present at the output of the A latches.

Data flow from B to A is similar but requires using the CEBA, LEBA, and OEAB inputs.

When the  $\overline{OE}$  input is high, the outputs are in a high-impedance state. This device is designed to be used with 3-state memory address drivers, etc.

All inputs are equipped with protection circuits against static discharge.

#### Features (Note)

- Low-voltage operation: V<sub>CC</sub> = 1.8 to 3.6 V
- High-speed operation:  $t_{pd} = 3.5 \text{ ns (max) (V}_{CC} = 3.0 \text{ to } 3.6 \text{ V)}$

 $t_{pd} = 4.0 \text{ ns (max) (VCC} = 2.3 \text{ to } 2.7 \text{ V)}$ 

 $t_{pd} = 8.0 \text{ ns (max) (V}_{CC} = 1.8 \text{ V})$ 

• Output current:  $I_{OH}/I_{OL} = \pm 24 \text{ mA (min)} (V_{CC} = 3.0 \text{ V})$ 

 $: I_{OH}/I_{OL} = \pm 18 \text{ mA (min) (V}_{CC} = 2.3 \text{ V)}$ 

:  $I_{OH}/I_{OL} = \pm 6$  mA (min) ( $V_{CC} = 1.8$  V)

- Latch-up performance: ±300 mA
- ESD performance: Machine model > ±200 V

: Human body model  $> \pm 2000 \text{ V}$ 

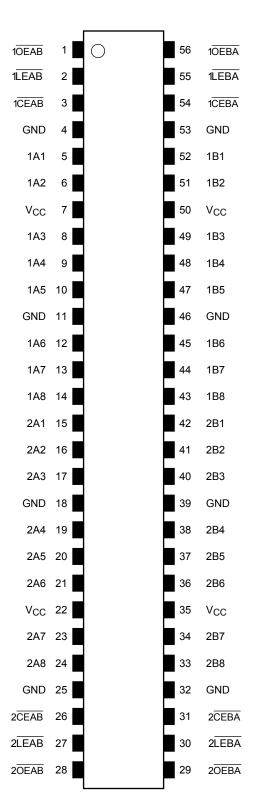
- Package: TSSOP (thin shrink small outline package)
- Bidirectional interface between 2.5 V and 3.3 V signals.
- 3.6-V tolerant function and power-down protection provided on all inputs and outputs

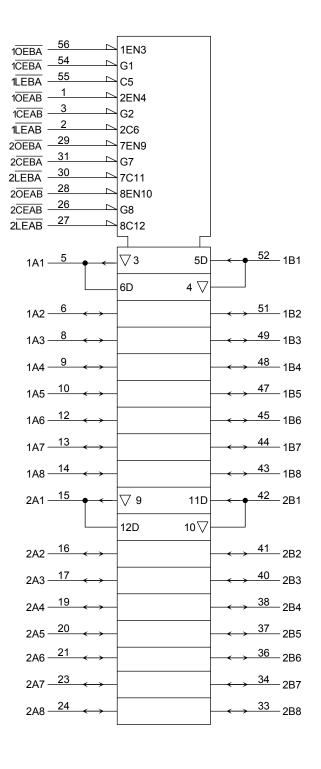
Note: Do not apply a signal to any bus pins when it is in the output mode. Damage may result.

All floating (high impedance) bus pins must have their input level fixed by means of pull-up or pull-down resistors.

### Pin Assignment (top view)

## **IEC Logic Symbol**





### Truth Table (A bus → B bus each 8-bit latch)

	Inputs						
CEAB	LEAB	OEAB	Α	В			
Н	Х	Х	Х	Z			
Х	Х	Н	Х	Z			
	Н		Х	В0			
L	П	L	^	(Note)			
L	L	L	L	L			
L	L	L	Н	Н			

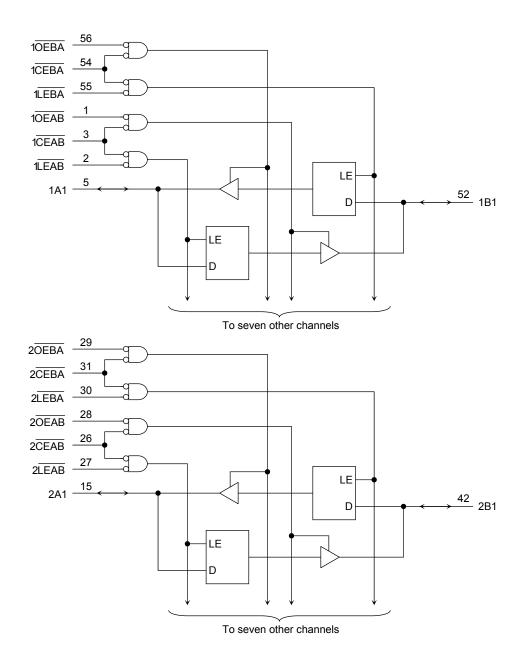
Note: Output level before the indicated steady-state input conditions were established.

### Truth Table (B bus → A bus each 8-bit latch)

	Inputs							
CEBA	LEBA	OEBA	В	Α				
Н	Х	Х	Х	Z				
X	X	Н	X	Z				
	Н		X	A0				
L	11	L	^	(Note)				
L	L	L	L	L				
L	L	L	Н	Н				

Note: Output level before the indicated steady-state input conditions were established.

## **System Diagram**



#### **Absolute Maximum Ratings (Note 1)**

Characteristics	Symbol	Rating	Unit
Power supply voltage	V <sub>CC</sub>	-0.5 to 4.6	V
DC input voltage  (OEAB, OEBA, LEAB, LEBA, CEAB, CEBA)	V <sub>IN</sub>	-0.5 to 4.6	V
DC hun I/O vallege	.,	-0.5 to 4.6 (Note 2)	V
DC bus I/O voltage	V <sub>I/O</sub>	-0.5 to V <sub>CC</sub> + 0.5 (Note 3)	V
Input diode current	I <sub>IK</sub>	-50	mA
Output diode current	I <sub>OK</sub>	±50 (Note 4)	mA
DC output current	lout	±50	mA
Power dissipation	P <sub>D</sub>	400	mW
DC V <sub>CC</sub> /ground current per supply pin	I <sub>CC</sub> /I <sub>GND</sub>	±100	mA
Storage temperature	T <sub>stg</sub>	-65 to 150	°C

Note 1: Exceeding any of the absolute maximum ratings, even briefly, lead to deterioration in IC performance or even destruction.

Note 2: OFF state

Note 3: High or low state. IOUT absolute maximum rating must be observed.

Note 4:  $V_{OUT} < GND, V_{OUT} > V_{CC}$ 

#### **Recommended Operating Range (Note 1)**

Characteristics	Symbol	Rating	Unit	
Power supply voltage	V <sub>CC</sub>	1.8 to 3.6	V	
Fower supply voltage	v.C.C.	1.2 to 3.6 (Note 2)	V	
Input voltage  (OEAB, OEBA, LEAB, LEBA, CEAB, CEBA)	V <sub>IN</sub>	-0.3 to 3.6	<b>&gt;</b>	
Bus I/O voltage	V <sub>I/O</sub>	0 to 3.6 (Note 3)	V	
Bus I/O voltage	VI/O	0 to V <sub>CC</sub> (Note 4)	V	
		±24 (Note 5)		
Output current	I <sub>OH</sub> /I <sub>OL</sub>	±18 (Note 6)	mA	
		±6 (Note 7)		
Operating temperature	T <sub>opr</sub>	-40 to 85	°C	
Input rise and fall time	dt/dv	0 to 10 (Note 8)	ns/V	

Note 1: The recommended operating conditions are required to ensure the normal operation of the device.

Unused inputs must be tied to either VCC or GND.

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Note 2: Data retention only

Note 3: OFF state

Note 4: High or low state

Note 5:  $V_{CC} = 3.0 \text{ to } 3.6 \text{ V}$ 

Note 6:  $V_{CC} = 2.3 \text{ to } 2.7 \text{ V}$ 

Note 7:  $V_{CC} = 1.8 \text{ V}$ 

Note 8:  $V_{IN} = 0.8$  to 2.0 V,  $V_{CC} = 3.0$  V



### **Electrical Characteristics**

## DC Characteristics (Ta = -40 to $85^{\circ}$ C, 2.7 V < $V_{CC} \le 3.6$ V)

Character	istics	Symbol	Test Condition		\\ (\)	Min	Max	Unit
	1				V <sub>CC</sub> (V)			
Input voltage	H-level	V <sub>IH</sub>	-	_	2.7 to 3.6	2.0		V
par ranaga	L-level	$V_{IL}$	-		2.7 to 3.6		8.0	
				$I_{OH} = -100 \ \mu A$	2.7 to 3.6	V <sub>CC</sub> - 0.2	_	
	H-level	V <sub>OH</sub>	V <sub>IN</sub> = V <sub>IH</sub> or V <sub>IL</sub>	$I_{OH} = -12 \text{ mA}$	2.7	2.2	_	
				$I_{OH} = -18 \text{ mA}$	3.0	2.4	_	
Output voltage				$I_{OH} = -24 \text{ mA}$	3.0	2.2	_	V
	,	V <sub>OL</sub>	V <sub>IN</sub> = V <sub>IH</sub> or V <sub>IL</sub>	I <sub>OL</sub> = 100 μA	2.7 to 3.6	_	0.2	
	L-level			I <sub>OL</sub> = 12 mA	2.7	_	0.4	
	L-ievei			I <sub>OL</sub> = 18 mA	3.0	_	0.4	
				I <sub>OL</sub> = 24 mA	3.0	_	0.55	
Input leakage curre	ent	I <sub>IN</sub>	V <sub>IN</sub> = 0 to 3.6 V		2.7 to 3.6	_	±5.0	μА
0 -1-11-1 055	-1-1	loz	V <sub>IN</sub> = V <sub>IH</sub> or V <sub>IL</sub>	V <sub>IN</sub> = V <sub>IH</sub> or V <sub>IL</sub>			140.0	
3-state output OFF	3-state output OFF state current		V <sub>OUT</sub> = 0 to 3.6 V		2.7 to 3.6		±10.0	μА
Power-off leakage	current	l <sub>OFF</sub>	V <sub>IN</sub> , V <sub>OUT</sub> = 0 to 3.6 V		0		10.0	μА
0: 1 1		laa	V <sub>IN</sub> = V <sub>CC</sub> or GND		2.7 to 3.6		20.0	
Quiescent supply of	unent	Icc	$V_{CC} \le (V_{IN}, V_{OUT}) \le 3.6 \text{ V}$		2.7 to 3.6	_	±20.0	μΑ
Increase in I <sub>CC</sub> per	input	Δlcc	$V_{IH} = V_{CC} - 0.6 V$		2.7 to 3.6		750	

## DC Characteristics (Ta = -40 to 85°C, 2.3 V $\leq$ V<sub>CC</sub> $\leq$ 2.7 V)

Characteris	stics	Symbol	Test Condition			Min	Max	Unit	
					V <sub>CC</sub> (V)				
Input voltage	H-level	V <sub>IH</sub>	_	_	2.3 to 2.7	1.6	_	V	
input voitage	L-level	V <sub>IL</sub>	_	_	2.3 to 2.7		0.7	V	
				I <sub>OH</sub> = -100 μA	2.3 to 2.7	V <sub>CC</sub> - 0.2	_		
	H-level	V <sub>OH</sub>	V <sub>IN</sub> = V <sub>IH</sub> or V <sub>IL</sub>	$I_{OH} = -6 \text{ mA}$	2.3	2.0	_		
				I <sub>OH</sub> = -12 mA	2.3	1.8	_		
Output voltage	I <sub>OH</sub> =		I <sub>OH</sub> = -18 mA	2.3	1.7	_	V		
			V <sub>IN</sub> = V <sub>IH</sub> or V <sub>IL</sub>	I <sub>OL</sub> = 100 μA	2.3 to 2.7	_	0.2		
	L-level	V <sub>OL</sub>		$V_{IN} = V_{IH}$ or $V_{IL}$	I <sub>OL</sub> = 12 mA	2.3	_	0.4	
				I <sub>OL</sub> = 18 mA	2.3	_	0.6		
Input leakage currer	nt	I <sub>IN</sub>	V <sub>IN</sub> = 0 to 3.6 V	•	2.3 to 2.7	_	±5.0	μА	
2 state subsut OFF	-4-4		V <sub>IN</sub> = V <sub>IH</sub> or V <sub>IL</sub>		0.045.0.7		140.0	^	
3-state output OFF state current		loz	$V_{OUT} = 0$ to 3.6 V		2.3 to 2.7		±10.0	μА	
Power-off leakage of	urrent	l <sub>OFF</sub>	V <sub>IN</sub> , V <sub>OUT</sub> = 0 to 3.6 V		0	_	10.0	μА	
Quioscont supply of	ırront		V <sub>IN</sub> = V <sub>CC</sub> or GND		2.3 to 2.7	_	20.0	^	
Quiescent supply cu	urent	Icc	$V_{CC} \le (V_{IN}, V_{OUT}) \le 3.6 \text{ V}$		2.3 to 2.7	_	±20.0	μА	



## DC Characteristics (Ta = -40 to 85°C, 1.8 V $\leq$ V<sub>CC</sub> < 2.3 V)

Characteris	Characteristics Syr		Test C	ondition		Min	Max	Unit
		Í			V <sub>CC</sub> (V)			
Input voltage	H-level	V <sub>IH</sub>	-	_	1.8 to 2.3	$\begin{array}{c} 0.7 \times \\ V_{CC} \end{array}$	_	V
input voitage	L-level	V <sub>IL</sub>	_	_	1.8 to 2.3		0.2 × V <sub>CC</sub>	V
	H-level	V <sub>OH</sub>	V <sub>IN</sub> = V <sub>IH</sub> or V <sub>IL</sub>	I <sub>OH</sub> = -100 μA	1.8	V <sub>CC</sub> - 0.2	_	
Output voltage				$I_{OH} = -6 \text{ mA}$	1.8	1.4	_	V
	L-level	Va	V <sub>IN</sub> = V <sub>IH</sub> or V <sub>IL</sub>	I <sub>OL</sub> = 100 μA	1.8	_	0.2	
	L-level	V <sub>OL</sub>		I <sub>OL</sub> = 6 mA	1.8	_	0.3	
Input leakage currer	nt	I <sub>IN</sub>	V <sub>IN</sub> = 0 to 3.6 V		1.8	_	±5.0	μА
3-state output OFF state current		I <sub>OZ</sub>	$V_{IN} = V_{IH}$ or $V_{IL}$ $V_{OUT} = 0$ to 3.6 V		1.8	_	±10.0	μА
Power-off leakage of	urrent	l <sub>OFF</sub>	V <sub>IN</sub> , V <sub>OUT</sub> = 0 to 3.6 V		0	_	10.0	μΑ
Quioscont supply of	Out and a second assessment		V <sub>IN</sub> = V <sub>CC</sub> or GND		1.8		20.0	^
Quiescent supply cu	III CIII	Icc	$V_{CC} \le (V_{IN}, V_{OUT}) \le 3.6 \text{ V}$		1.8	_	±20.0	μА

## AC Characteristics (Ta = –40 to 85°C, input: $t_r = t_f$ = 2.0 ns, $C_L$ = 30 pF, $R_L$ = 500 $\Omega$ ) (Note 1)

Characteristics	Symbol	Symbol Test Condition		Min	Max	Unit
Characteristics	Symbol Test Condition		V <sub>CC</sub> (V)	IVIIII	IVIAX	Offic
Propagation delay time	<b>.</b>		1.8	1.5	8.0	
(An, Bn-Bn, An)	t <sub>pLH</sub>	Figure 1, Figure 2	$2.5\pm0.2$	0.8	4.0	ns
(All, Bli-Bli, All)	t <sub>pHL</sub>		$3.3 \pm 0.3$	0.6	3.5	
B " 11 "			1.8	1.5	9.8	
Propagation delay time ( LEAB , LEBA -Bn, An)	t <sub>pLH</sub>	Figure 1, Figure 2	$2.5 \pm 0.2$	0.8	5.0	ns
(LEAB, LEBA-BN, AN)	t <sub>pHL</sub>		$3.3 \pm 0.3$	0.6	3.9	
3-state output enable time			1.8	1.5	9.8	
(OEAB, OEBA, CEAB,	t <sub>pZL</sub>	Figure 1, Figure 4	$2.5\pm0.2$	0.8	4.9	ns
CEBA)	<sup>t</sup> pZH		$3.3 \pm 0.3$	0.6	3.8	
3-state output disable time		Figure 1, Figure 4	1.8	1.5	7.6	ns
(OEAB, OEBA, CEAB,	t <sub>pLZ</sub>		$2.5 \pm 0.2$	0.8	4.2	
CEBA)			$3.3\pm0.3$	0.6	3.7	
		Figure 1, Figure 2, Figure 3	1.8	4.0	_	ns
Minimum pulse width	t <sub>W (L)</sub>		$2.5 \pm 0.2$	1.5	_	
(LEAB, LEBA, CEAB, CEBA)	(-)		$3.3 \pm 0.3$	1.5	_	
			1.8	2.5	_	
Minimum set-up time	ts	Figure 1, Figure 2, Figure 3	2.5 ± 0.2	1.5	_	ns
(An, Bn- $\overline{LE},\;\;\overline{CE})$			3.3 ± 0.3	1.5	_	
			1.8	1.0	_	
Minimum hold time (An, Bn- $\overline{\text{LE}}$ , $\overline{\text{CE}}$ )	t <sub>h</sub>	Figure 1, Figure 2, Figure 3	2.5 ± 0.2	1.0	_	ns
			3.3 ± 0.3	1.0	_	
			1.8	_	0.5	
Output to output skew	t <sub>osLH</sub>	(Note 2)	2.5 ± 0.2		0.5	ns
, '	t <sub>osHL</sub>		3.3 ± 0.3		0.5	

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Note 1: For  $C_L = 50 \ pF$ , add approximately 300 ps to the AC maximum specification.

Note 2: Parameter guaranteed by design.

 $(t_{OSLH} = |t_{PLHm} - t_{PLHn}|, t_{OSHL} = |t_{PHLm} - t_{PHLn}|)$ 



## **Dynamic Switching Characteristics**

(Ta = 25°C, input:  $t_r = t_f = 2.0$  ns,  $C_L = 30$  pF,  $R_L = 500$  Ω)

Characteristics	Symbol	Test Condition	V <sub>CC</sub> (V)	Тур.	Unit
		$V_{IH} = 1.8 \text{ V}, V_{IL} = 0 \text{ V}$ (Not	9) 1.8	0.25	
Quiet output maximum dynamic V <sub>OL</sub>	V <sub>OLP</sub>	$V_{IH} = 2.5 \text{ V}, V_{IL} = 0 \text{ V}$ (Not	2.5	0.6	V
		$V_{IH} = 3.3 \text{ V}, V_{IL} = 0 \text{ V}$ (Not	9) 3.3	8.0	
	V <sub>OLV</sub>	$V_{IH} = 1.8 \text{ V}, V_{IL} = 0 \text{ V}$ (Not	9) 1.8	-0.25	
Quiet output minimum dynamic $V_{OL}$		$V_{IH} = 2.5 \text{ V}, V_{IL} = 0 \text{ V}$ (Not	2.5	-0.6	V
		$V_{IH} = 3.3 \text{ V}, V_{IL} = 0 \text{ V}$ (Not	9) 3.3	-0.8	
		$V_{IH} = 1.8 \text{ V}, V_{IL} = 0 \text{ V}$ (Not	9) 1.8	1.5	
Quiet output minimum dynamic V <sub>OH</sub>	V <sub>OHV</sub>	$V_{IH} = 2.5 \text{ V}, V_{IL} = 0 \text{ V}$ (Not	e) 2.5	1.9	V
		$V_{IH} = 3.3 \text{ V}, V_{IL} = 0 \text{ V}$ (Not	9) 3.3	2.2	

Note: Parameter guaranteed by design.

#### **Capacitive Characteristics (Ta = 25°C)**

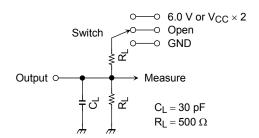
Characteristics	Symbol Test Condition				Тур.	Unit
Characteristics	Symbol	rest Condition		V <sub>CC</sub> (V)	τyp.	Offic
Input capacitance	C <sub>IN</sub>			1.8, 2.5, 3.3	6	pF
Bus I/O capacitance	C <sub>I/O</sub>	_		1.8, 2.5, 3.3	7	pF
Power dissipation capacitance	C <sub>PD</sub>	f <sub>IN</sub> = 10 MHz	(Note)	1.8, 2.5, 3.3	20	pF

Note: C<sub>PD</sub> is defined as the value of the internal equivalent capacitance which is calculated from the operating current consumption without load.

Average operating current can be obtained by the equation:

 $I_{CC (opr)} = C_{PD} \cdot V_{CC} \cdot f_{IN} + I_{CC}/16 \text{ (per bit)}$ 

#### **AC Test Circuit**



Parameter	Switch		
t <sub>pLH</sub> , t <sub>pHL</sub>	Open		
t <sub>pLZ</sub> , t <sub>pZL</sub>	$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$		
t <sub>pHZ</sub> , t <sub>pZH</sub>	GND		

Figure 1

#### **AC Waveform**

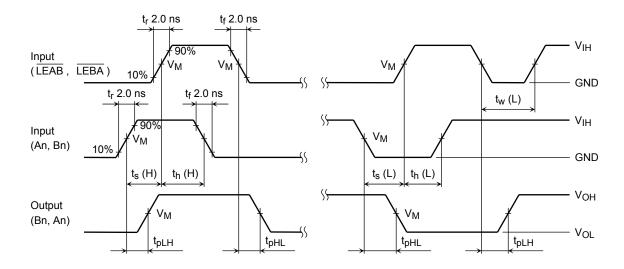


Figure 2  $t_{pLH}, t_{pHL}, t_w, t_s, t_h$ 

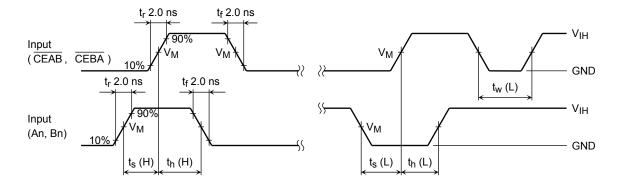


Figure 3 tw, ts, th

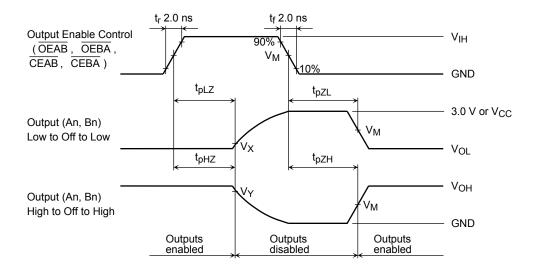
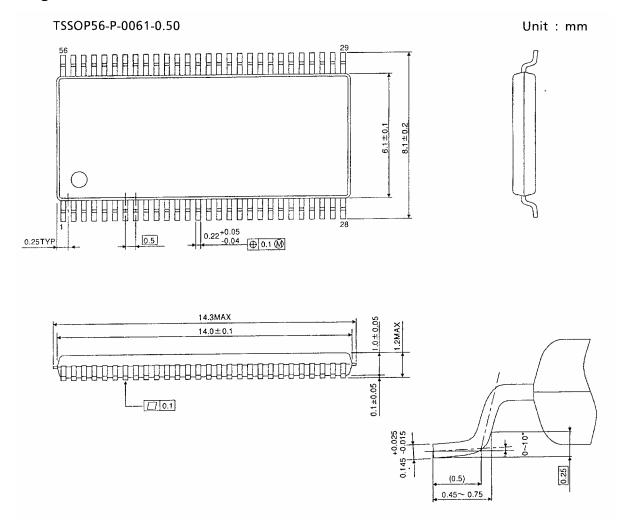


Figure 4  $t_{\text{pLZ}},\,t_{\text{pHZ}},\,t_{\text{pZL}},\,t_{\text{pZH}}$ 

Symbol		V <sub>CC</sub>	
Syllibol	$3.3\pm0.3~\textrm{V}$	$2.5\pm0.2\textrm{V}$	1.8 V
$V_{IH}$	2.7 V	V <sub>CC</sub>	V <sub>CC</sub>
V <sub>M</sub>	1.5 V	V <sub>CC</sub> /2	V <sub>CC</sub> /2
VX	V <sub>OL</sub> + 0.3 V	V <sub>OL</sub> + 0.15 V	V <sub>OL</sub> + 0.15 V
VY	V <sub>OH</sub> – 0.3 V	V <sub>OH</sub> – 0.15 V	V <sub>OH</sub> – 0.15 V

## **Package Dimensions**



Weight: 0.25 g (typ.)

Note: Lead (Pb)-Free Packages

TSSOP56-P-0061-0.50

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20070701-EN

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